

Guide to the 1921 Census Digitised Statistics

Describes data for England and Wales

Produced by the Office for National Statistics, the Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis (PRImA) Research Lab, University of Salford, and Nomis, University of Durham.

Version 0.1

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Background of the Project

The ONS has embarked on a program of 'statistical archaeology' projects to make more historical census outputs available to the public in digital form. The coming years will see the digitisation of census outputs from 1921 through to 1961. This data represents digitised versions of tables from the 1921 Census County Reports and Topic Reports. The tables available are the first of several batches of releases. More data will be added as it becomes available.

These data were never published digitally and until now have been available as scanned images of the printed 1921 Census tables. This project aimed to breathe new life into the data by retrieving and processing content from the 1921 Census County and Topic Reports. The digitisation of the data was performed by the University of Salford's Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis (PRImA) Research Lab.

With the data digitised, the ONS plans to make it available to the public and researchers via the Nomis website.

An important note: there is no attempt being made to update or modernise the language or terminology published as part of the program of historical record digitisation. Rather, the information will be presented, both within the datasets and the surrounding meta-data, as printed at the time wherever possible. There may be some instances in which additional information is given to provide clarity.

These tables are presented in a format which has been designed to be the most accessible and usable to a modern audience. As such they may not be in the same format as originally printed and the presentation will differ from the tables seen in the original county and topic reports.

Quality Assurance of the Data

During processing, errors were identified in the original printed versions. Where possible these have been corrected. As such some of the figures may be different to the original printed versions.

1921 Census Methodology

Basis of enumeration

The 1921 Census was undertaken on Sunday 19th June 1921. The 1921 Census statistics include the living population enumerated at midnight, 19/20th June, 1921. For each area the population is those present on Census night as permanent residents or temporary visitors. Those working or travelling during the night were included at the place where they arrived on the following day. This includes persons on board vessels in port on Census night or who arrived there on the following day. Fishermen, etc., at sea on Census night who did not arrive in port the following morning are not included in the population.

Census date

This population will never match the permanently resident population, but the Census date of March or April was originally chosen for minimal movement of the population. The 1921 Census was postponed to 19th June from 24th April due to the coal dispute and expectation of a strike of railwaymen and transport workers. This was the latest date before the start of a series of public and industrial holidays that would continue into the Autumn. However, unusually fine weather at this time meant some movement due to holidays, with a higher than usual population in holiday resorts. An estimate of the increase in population due to temporary visitors in the most affected districts was described in the General Tables Appendix A and an image is available in Appendix A of this User Guide.

Enumeration

Similar to previous censuses the country was divided by the local Registrars of Births and Deaths into 38,563 enumeration districts and for each district an Enumerator delivered and collected census schedules. H.M. Customs and Excise officers enumerated persons on board mercantile shipping, fishing vessels, etc.; the Corporation of Trinity House arranged enumeration for persons on lighthouses and lightships; and the police were responsible for enumerating the homeless. For the first time, respondents could fill in an individual form to keep details private from the rest of the household. The Census Office provided census schedules to the Isle of Man and Channel Islands and the census was carried out on the same date by the Island Governments. On the same day a census of overseas armed forces establishments was taken. Due to the Irish War of Independence, the census did not take place in Ireland. Local officers checked schedules and enumeration books and would frequently raise queries with the person making the return.

Questions Asked and Questionnaires

Due to limited space on the Census schedule questions were selected which would best meet present and future user needs, and for the first-time questions which had previously been asked (fertility and infirmity) were not included. The fertility question used in the 1911 Census (length of existing marriages and the number of children born in the marriage) had given long range data which was still of use, while data on infirmities was felt to be unreliable. The age question was changed to ask for age in years and months to increase response accuracy. The question on education was revised to show demand for education facilities, although the postponement of the census until the summer term meant that evening and other special courses were less likely to be running. New questions on dependency and orphanhood helped to prepare the financial framework of the Widows', Orphans' and Old Age Contributory Pensions Act, 1925. The 1921 Census was the first time that all employees were asked for the name of their employer and their workplace address.

Consistency with Later Censuses

Just as outlined above the 1921 Census included new questions and topics that were not asked about in the previous census, so too have additional questions been asked in the censuses that have been conducted since. The ONS website contains a document¹ outlining all census topics covered from the first census in 1801, through to the 2011 Census. To give a few examples, 1921 did not ask questions related to the number of cars or vans within a household, ethnic group, or religion.

Geography

The data relates to the 1921 County Reports and Topic Reports for England and Wales. The data is available on Nomis down to 1921 district level although not all tables are available at the most detailed level of geography (see Tables section below for area type available for each table). Lower levels of geography will be included in subsequent releases.

Districts

For 1921 district names, there are suffixed acronyms which give further detail about the nature of the district. These are detailed below:

Acronym	Label
CB	County Borough
CD	County Corporate
ME	Metropolitan Borough (London only)
MU	Municipal Borough
RD	Rural district
UD	Urban district

When downloading data from Nomis, where districts in different geographical locations have the same name, the name of the administrative county has been included in brackets after the district name. This is to aid users in being able to correctly identify the district selected.

Ancient Counties

Some tables in the 1921 reports give data for ancient counties. For dissemination on Nomis, the decision was made to present data at administrative county (with associated county borough where applicable) level only. This allows for more detailed information to be given, and for consistency of geography across tables. The following seven ancient counties are comprised of the following administrative counties, for all other counties, the ancient and administrative versions comprise the same geographical area:

¹ <http://www.ons.gov.uk/ons/guide-method/census/1991-and-earlier-censuses/guide-to-earlier-census-data/comparing-census-topics-over-time.pdf>

Ancient County	Administrative Counties (with County Borough were applicable)
Cambridgeshire	Cambridge Isle of Ely
Hampshire	Southampton Isle of Wight
Lincolnshire	Lincolnshire (The Parts of Holland) Lincolnshire (The Parts of Kesteven) Lincolnshire (The Parts of Lindsey)
Northamptonshire	Northamptonshire Soke of Peterborough
Suffolk	East Suffolk West Suffolk
Sussex	East Sussex West Sussex
Yorkshire	City of York Yorkshire (East Riding) Yorkshire (North Riding) Yorkshire (West Riding)

Monmouthshire

According to the list of counties included within the regions of England of Wales listed in Table VII of the General Report, Monmouthshire is classed as a Welsh county. To that end, the data provided for regions includes Monmouthshire within the “Welsh counties”.

However, for the purposes of the 1921 Census outputs, Monmouthshire was generally included within England. In some of the printed tables, figures were given for both “England including Monmouthshire” and “England excluding Monmouthshire”, likewise for Wales. These additional breakdowns are not being included within the digitised data at this time and for the purposes of dissemination on Nomis, Monmouthshire has been included within England only to align with the majority of printed tables. As such, any user aggregated data from regions to country will not match figures given for England and for Wales on Nomis.

Definitions

The following definitions have been taken from the 1921 County Reports. They are for England and Wales.

Private family

“Any person or group of persons included in a separate return as being in separate occupation of any premises or part of premises is treated as a separate family for Census purposes, lodgers being so treated only when returned as boarding separately and not otherwise. Private families comprise all such families with the exception of those enumerated in (i) Institutions or (ii) business establishments or boarding houses in which the number of resident trade assistants or resident boarders exceeds the number of members of the employer's or householder's family (including private domestic servants).”

Rooms

“For the purpose of the Census the rooms enumerated are the usual living rooms, including bedrooms and kitchens but excluding sculleries, landings, lobbies, closets, bathrooms, or any warehouse, office or shop rooms.”

Structurally separate dwellings

“A structurally separate dwelling has been defined for the Census as any room or set of rooms, intended or used for habitation, having separate access either to the street or to a common landing or staircase. Thus, each flat in a block of flats is a separate unit; a private house which has not been structurally subdivided is similarly a single unit whether occupied by one family or by several families. But where a private house has been subdivided into maisonettes or portions, each having its front door opening on to the street or on to a common landing or staircase to which visitors have access, then each such portion is treated as a separate unit.

Where an undivided private house is used partly for business or professional purposes, it is treated as occupied by a private family unless the portion used for non-domestic purposes consists of at least 3 rooms and is more than one quarter of the whole.”

The following definitions were not available in the 1921 County Reports but have been provided. They are for England and Wales.

Inmates

Inmates comprise those persons in an institution for treatment, care, or detention, etc. as appropriate for the class of institution.

Overcrowding

The 1921 definition of overcrowding was where there were more than two persons per room, although it should be noted that the 1921 Census data gives rooms per person and as such can't be used as evidence of 'overcrowding' as defined.

Tables

County Reports Table 3 - Acreage, population, private families, and dwellings

Description of Table

Shows population by sex and population density, the number of private families and the population therein, and a count of structurally separate dwellings occupied by private families, including the number of rooms occupied and number of rooms per person. This table also includes a population count from 1911 for comparison.

Population

Persons present on census night, persons in private families.

Additional Information

The dwellings shown are those occupied by private families only.

A number of areas are marked with the following footnotes:

* Area altered or created during 1911 - 1921 intercensal period.

† For particulars of alteration, see Table 6.

There are also a number of other footnotes giving information specific to particular areas.

The footnotes specific to areas have not yet been digitised.

Geographical Coverage

England and Wales

The following types of 1921 geography are available on Nomis:

- Region
- Administrative county (with county borough where applicable)
- County borough
- County corporate
- Metropolitan boroughs
- Municipal boroughs
- Urban districts
- Rural districts

Ward and civil parish data were also produced in the printed County Reports and will be made available on Nomis in a future release.

Variables

Area in statute acres; persons; sex; persons per acre; private families; population in private families; structurally separate dwellings occupied; rooms occupied; rooms per person

Classifications

Sex

The following sex are available:

Males

Females

County Reports Table 11 - Private families, classified by size of family, rooms occupied, and density of occupation

Description of Table

Shows private families by the size of family and rooms occupied, the population in private families, and the density of occupation, including average number of rooms per person. The table also includes a comparison with 1911 of the percentage of families living within the specified number of rooms.

Population

Persons in private families.

Additional Information

To be included in a later release is a version of the table for administrative counties which has single number of rooms categories for six to 15 or more rooms.

A header note is included with the table:

"The following table contains an analysis of the private families within each area according to

- (a) the number of persons in the family, and
- (b) the number of rooms occupied by the family.

Where more than one family is enumerated within a structurally separate dwelling, each is classified according to the rooms it severally occupies and not to the total number of rooms in the dwelling. If, as occasionally happens, one of the rooms is shared by two families (the allotment to each family being say $4\frac{1}{2}$ and $3\frac{1}{2}$ in an 8-roomed dwelling) the families are classified to the next higher integral number of rooms (5 and 4 respectively) but in arriving at the totals (column (m) etc.) the actual figures ($4\frac{1}{2}$ and $3\frac{1}{2}$) have been used."

Geographical Coverage

England and Wales

The following types of 1921 geography are available on Nomis:

- Region
- Administrative county (with county borough where applicable)
- County borough
- County corporate
- Metropolitan boroughs
- Municipal boroughs
- Urban districts
- Rural districts

Variables

Persons in family; private families occupying number of rooms; private families; population in private families; rooms occupied; average rooms per person; population at following densities of occupation (rooms per person)

Not included on Nomis, but to be reviewed as part of a subsequent release are the following variables:

Percentage of families living in various units of occupation (1911 Census);
Percentage of families living in various units of occupation (1921 Census).

Classifications

Number of Persons in Family

The following Number of Persons in Family are available:

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8
- 9
- 10
- 11
- 12
- 13
- 14
- 15 and over

Number of Private Families occupying the following Number of Rooms

The following Number of Private Families occupying the following Number of Rooms are available:

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6 to 7
- 8 to 9
- 10 and over

Population at following densities of occupation (rooms per person)

The following Population at following densities of occupation are available:

- under 0.3
- 0.3 and under 0.5

0.5 and under 0.7

0.7 and under 1.0

County Reports Table 12 - Institutions: Number, total population and inmates

Description of Table

Shows number of institutions and the persons living within them by institution type, sex, and whether an inmate of said institution.

Population

Persons present in institutions on census night.

Additional Information

The original title for this table was “Institutions: Number, total population and inmates of certain classes of institutions and other special premises”. For presentation on Nomis the title has been shortened.

The differentiation of total population and inmates applies only to institution classes 1-13 (see [Classifications](#) section for details).

For Workhouses, Separate Poor Law Institutions for Sick, and Other Poor Law Institutions (classes 1-3) the administering board of guardians is disaggregated on the printed tables. However, the data has been aggregated for dissemination on Nomis, giving an overall figure for the district in question. As such, the counts for the individual administering board of guardians are not currently available in the digitised data.

There are a number of footnotes giving information specific to particular areas which have not yet been digitised.

In the printed County Reports, the county level data presented for Table 12 was given for ancient counties. For dissemination of data on Nomis, the decision was made to simplify the county geographies and only present data for all tables for administrative counties (with associated county borough where applicable). Doing so allows continuity of geography across the tables and gives the data at a more granular level than would be available in the ancient counties.

Geographical Coverage

England and Wales

The following types of 1921 geography are available on Nomis:

- Region
- Administrative county (with county borough where applicable)
- County borough
- County corporate

- Metropolitan boroughs
- Municipal boroughs
- Urban districts
- Rural districts

Variables

Number of Institutions; Inmates of certain institutions; Sex; Total population present in institutions

Classifications

Institutions

- 1 Workhouses
- 2 Separate Poor Law Institutions for Sick
- 3 Other Poor Law Institutions
- 4 Homes, etc. for Lunatics, etc.
- 5 Homes, etc. for Cripples
- 6 Homes, etc. for Blind
- 7 Homes, etc. for Deaf and Dumb
- 8 Hospitals (not Naval or Military)
- 9 Convalescent and Nursing Homes
- 10 Prisons
- 11 Reformatory Schools, etc.
- 12 Homes for Inebriates
- 13 Naval or Military Hospitals
- 14 Naval or Military Barracks, etc.
- 15 Ships of the Royal Navy
- 16 Ships other than Royal Navy
- 17 Inland Barges and Boats
- 18 Barns, Sheds, etc. (including Vagrants)

Sex

The following sex are available:

- Males
- Females

County Reports Table 14 - Ages (five-year age groups) and marital condition [and sex]

Description of Table

Provides a tabulation of five-year age bands by sex and marital status.

Population

Persons present on census night

Additional Information

The original title for this table was “Ages (quinquennial groups) and marital condition”. To aid clarity and ensure the title more accurately reflects the content of the table, the title on Nomis was changed.

Until the Age of Marriage Act 1929 a legal marriage could be contracted from the legal age of puberty (14 for males and 12 for females). Persons aged 15 and over were asked for their marital status on the 1921 Census. It is important to note that the census asked for current marital status therefore the data is not a measure of individuals who have ever been widowed or divorced as it cannot capture people who have had multiple marriages.

Table 14a will be included in a subsequent release. This gives a tabulation of five-year age bands by sex and whether or not females are married. See below for available geographies for Table 14a.

Geographical Coverage

England and Wales

The following types of 1921 geography are available on Nomis:

- Region
- Administrative county (with county borough where applicable)
- County borough
- County corporate
- Metropolitan boroughs
- Municipal boroughs (with population over 50,000 only)
- Urban districts (with population over 50,000 only)

The following types of 1921 geography are available in the printed County Reports for Table 14a:

- Municipal boroughs (with population under 50,000 only)
- Urban districts (with population under 50,000 only)
- Rural districts

Variables

Age; Persons; Sex; Marital Status

Classifications

Age

The following Age are available:

- 0 to 4
- 5 to 9
- 10 to 14
- 15 to 19
- 20 to 24
- 25 to 29
- 30 to 34
- 35 to 39
- 40 to 44
- 45 to 49
- 50 to 54
- 55 to 59
- 60 to 64
- 65 to 69
- 70 to 74
- 75 to 79
- 80 to 84
- 85 to 89
- 90 to 94
- 95 and over

Marital Condition

The following Marital Condition are available:

- Single
- Married
- Widowed
- Divorced

Sex

The following sex are available:

- Males
- Females

County Reports Table 24 - Orphanhood of children aged less than 15

Description of Table

Provides a tabulation of orphanhood status by age and sex of children aged under 15 years.

Population

Persons aged under 15 years

Additional Information

Single year age categories were only produced for administrative counties with associated county boroughs.

During processing of the data, it was found that the printed values for the age categories of 0-14 years and for 10-14 years were in error for the administrative county with county borough of Norfolk (H10200109). The correct values for these categories were able to be obtained from the counts for the administrative county of Norfolk (H10200171; not provided in the digitised data, see Geographical Coverage for detail) and the county boroughs of Great Yarmouth (H06201093) and City and County of Norwich (H06201094). However, the data for single year of age in this table was only produced for the higher level of county geography, in this case the administrative county with county borough. It has not been possible to correct the values of single year of age that comprise the 10-14 age category from which the original error was propagated. As such, any user aggregated counts for the 10-14 years and 0-14 years from the single year of age data will not match the presented values for these categories.

Table 24a will be included in a subsequent release. This provides a tabulation of orphanhood status by sex of children aged under 15 years, but not broken down by age. See below for available geographies for Table 24a.

Geographical Coverage

England and Wales

The following types of 1921 geography are available on Nomis:

- Region
- Administrative county (with county borough where applicable)
- County borough
- County corporate
- Metropolitan boroughs
- Municipal boroughs (with population over 50,000 only)
- Urban districts (with population over 50,000 only)

The following types of 1921 geography are available in the printed County Reports for Table 24a:

- Municipal boroughs (with population under 50,000 only)
- Urban districts (with population under 50,000 only)
- Rural districts

The printed tables within the County Reports include data for the administrative counties without their associated county boroughs for the 5-year age bands only (not for single year of age). To ensure consistency of geography across tables, and to give users the most detailed data available, these counts are not being made available on Nomis. See Appendix B for a table of county boroughs and their respective administrative county.

Variables

Age; Persons; Sex; Orphanhood

Classifications

Age

The following Age are available:

0 to 14

0-4

0

1

2

3

4

5-9

5

6

7

8

9

10-14

10

11

12

13

14

Orphanhood Status

The following Orphanhood Status is available:

Both parents alive

Father dead

Mother dead

Both parents dead
Not known or no statement

Sex

The following sex are available:

Males
Females

Appendix A

Estimates of the increase in population due to temporary visitors

APPENDIX A *continued.*

District.	Enumerated Population, 1921.	Excess of enumerated over estimated resident population expressed as a percentage of the former	District.	Enumerated Population, 1921.	Excess of enumerated over estimated resident population expressed as a percentage of the former
BOROUGHES AND URBAN DISTRICTS—(continued).					%
Sandown U.D.	7,661	29.0	Catherington	4,157	10.5
Scalby U.D.	1,437	3.3	Christchurch	5,314	3.8
Scarborough M.B. ..	46,179	18.8	Conway	8,520	3.5
Seaford U.D.	6,989	13.6	Cookham	13,714	3.4
Seaton U.D.	2,295	19.6	Dolgelley	8,365	6.9
Shanklin U.D.	7,368	41.8	Dorking	10,575	3.7
Sheringham U.D. ..	4,771	23.9	Dover	8,873	3.6
Sidmouth U.D.	5,668	12.9	East Preston	7,449	4.5
Skegness U.D.	9,246	51.6	Edeirnion	4,936	3.3
Southend on Sea C.B. ..	106,010	14.6	Erpingham	17,890	4.0
Southport C.B.	76,621	6.2	Glendale	8,351	3.6
Southwold M.B.	3,370	17.6	Goring	3,318	5.0
Stow on the Wold U.D. ..	1,205	3.9	Haltwhistle	9,751	3.8
Stratford on Avon M.B.	9,392	4.7	Havant	6,944	5.6
Stratton and Bude U.D.	3,958	21.1	Hexham	24,585	10.5
Swanage U.D.	7,106	22.9	Isle of Thanet	14,085	14.6
Teignmouth U.D.	10,970	15.7	Isle of Wight	30,910	4.5
Tenby M.B.	4,832	11.9	Kingsbridge	11,627	4.7
Thornton U.D.	6,182	13.6	Lancaster	9,734	4.3
Torquay M.B.	39,431	14.6	Leyburn	6,388	4.1
Towyn U.D.	4,413	14.7	Llanfyrnach	2,419	3.5
Ventnor U.D.	6,059	18.6	Llangollen	3,779	3.3
Walsoken U.D.	4,587	14.1	Lymington	12,890	3.2
Walton on the Naze U.D.	3,664	33.1	Machynlleth	3,911	3.1
Watchet U.D.	1,883	3.7	Marshland	15,589	10.1
Weston super Mare U.D.	31,643	20.8	Marston Sicca	1,728	3.4
Weybridge U.D.	6,684	3.1	Newhaven	6,211	5.6
Weymouth and Melcombe Regis M.B.	24,556	9.5	Norham and Islandshires	5,996	9.2
Whitby U.D.	12,510	4.8	Reeth	2,532	7.0
Whitley and Monkseaton U.D.	22,228	13.6	Rock	2,221	3.2
Whitstable U.D.	9,842	7.1	Romney Marsh	3,158	4.5
Windermere U.D.	6,495	19.8	Rothbury	5,054	6.0
Windlesham U.D.	4,878	3.7	St. Asaph (Flint)	8,157	5.7
Withernsea U.D.	4,701	17.7	Scarborough	6,452	5.1
Woodhall Spa U.D.	1,635	12.4	South Westmorland	19,398	4.8
Worthing M.B.	35,215	10.5	Spilsby	21,804	3.8
			Startforth	5,331	12.6
			Steyning West	10,205	3.6
			Stokesley	12,918	3.3
			Tavistock	15,609	3.8
			Thakeham	8,416	3.2
			Westhampnett	17,871	3.6
			West Ward	6,519	7.8
			Whitby	9,691	11.2
			Williton	11,947	3.8
			Unnamed R.D. (Ysgubor y coed C.P.) (adminis- tered by the Rural District Council of Machynlleth, Mont- gomeryshire).	347	6.6
			Unnamed R.D. (Pennal C.P.) (administered by the Rural District Council of Machynlleth, Montgomeryshire).	426	4.5
RURAL DISTRICTS.					
Aberystwyth	12,297	3.2			
Alnwick	14,367	13.8			
Alston with Garrigill ..	3,344	17.2			
Axminster	9,807	3.1			
Aysgarth	4,394	4.4			
Barnstaple	19,293	7.2			
Belford	5,654	12.6			
Bellingham	5,952	5.4			
Blean	8,682	4.6			
Bootle	6,420	7.1			
Brampton	8,876	9.3			
Bridlington	8,154	4.2			
Camelford	7,730	3.9			
Castle Ward	13,137	4.2			

APPENDIX A *continued.*

District.	Enumerated Population, 1921.	Excess of enumerated over estimated resident population expressed as a percentage of the former	District.	Enumerated Population, 1921.	Excess of enumerated over estimated resident population expressed as a percentage of the former
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Whitstable U.D.	9,842	7.1	Romney Marsh	3,158	4.5
Windermere U.D.	6,495	19.8	Rothbury	5,054	6.0
Windlesham U.D.	4,878	3.7	St. Asaph (Flint)	8,157	5.7
Withernsea U.D.	4,701	17.7	Scarborough	6,452	5.1
Woodhall Spa U.D.	1,635	12.4	South Westmorland	19,398	4.8
Worthing M.B.	35,215	10.5	Spilsby	21,804	3.8
RURAL DISTRICTS.			Startforth	5,331	12.6
Aberystwyth	12,297	3.2	Steyning West	10,205	3.6
Alnwick	14,367	13.8	Stokesley	12,918	3.3
Alston with Garrigill ..	3,344	17.2	Tavistock	15,609	3.8
Axminster	9,807	3.1	Thakeham	8,416	3.2
Aysgarth	4,394	4.4	Westhampnett	17,871	3.6
Barnstaple	19,293	7.2	West Ward	6,519	7.8
Belford	5,654	12.6	Whitby	9,691	11.2
Bellingham	5,952	5.4	Williton	11,947	3.8
Blean	8,682	4.6	Unnamed R.D. (Ysgubor y coed C.P.) (adminis- tered by the Rural District Council of Machynlleth, Mont- gomeryshire).	347	6.6
Bootle	6,420	7.1	Unnamed R.D. (Pennal C.P.) (administered by the Rural District Council of Machynlleth, Montgomeryshire).	426	4.5
Brampton	8,876	9.3			
Bridlington	8,154	4.2			
Camelford	7,730	3.9			
Castle Ward	13,137	4.2			

Appendix B

County Borough mapped to respective Administrative County

Administrative County containing County Borough(s) (ACCB)		County Borough (CB)	
ACCB Area Code	ACCB Area Name	CB Area Code	CB Area Name
H10200090	Derbyshire	H06200393	Derby
H10200096	Gloucestershire	H06200619	Bristol, City and County of
H10200096	Gloucestershire	H06200620	Gloucester, City and County of
H10200102	Leicestershire	H06200925	Leicester, City of
H10200110	Northamptonshire	H06201127	Northampton
H10200112	Nottinghamshire	H06201188	Nottingham, City and County of
H10200113	Oxfordshire	H06201216	Oxford, City of
H10200119	Staffordshire	H06201356	Burton upon Trent
H10200119	Staffordshire	H06201357	Smethwick
H10200119	Staffordshire	H06201358	Stoke on Trent
H10200119	Staffordshire	H06201359	Walsall
H10200119	Staffordshire	H06201360	West Bromwich
H10200119	Staffordshire	H06201361	Wolverhampton
H10200125	Warwickshire	H06201533	Birmingham, City of
H10200125	Warwickshire	H06201534	Coventry, City of
H10200129	Worcestershire	H06201607	Dudley
H10200129	Worcestershire	H06201608	Worcester, City and County of
H10200084	Berkshire	H06200220	Reading
H10200091	Devonshire	H06200435	Exeter, City and County of
H10200091	Devonshire	H06200436	Plymouth
H10200117	Somersetshire	H06201275	Bath, City of
H10200118	Southampton	H06201315	Bournemouth
H10200118	Southampton	H06201316	Portsmouth
H10200118	Southampton	H06201317	Southampton, County of a Town
H10200123	Sussex East	H06201489	Brighton
H10200123	Sussex East	H06201490	Eastbourne
H10200123	Sussex East	H06201491	Hastings
H10200105	Lincolnshire (The Parts of Lindsey)	H06200971	Grimsby
H10200105	Lincolnshire (The Parts of Lindsey)	H06200972	Lincoln, City and County of
H10200109	Norfolk	H06201093	Great Yarmouth
H10200109	Norfolk	H06201094	Norwich, City and County of
H10200120	Suffolk East	H06201412	Ipswich
H10200087	Cheshire	H06200268	Birkenhead
H10200087	Cheshire	H06200269	Chester, City and County of
H10200087	Cheshire	H06200270	Stockport

H10200087	Cheshire	H06200271	Wallasey
H10200089	Cumberland	H06200369	Carlisle, City of
H10200093	Durham	H06200511	Darlington
H10200093	Durham	H06200512	Gateshead
H10200093	Durham	H06200513	South Shields
H10200093	Durham	H06200514	Sunderland
H10200093	Durham	H06200515	West Hartlepool
H10200101	Lancashire	H06200786	Barrow-in-Furness
H10200101	Lancashire	H06200787	Blackburn
H10200101	Lancashire	H06200788	Blackpool
H10200101	Lancashire	H06200789	Bolton
H10200101	Lancashire	H06200790	Bootle
H10200101	Lancashire	H06200791	Burnley
H10200101	Lancashire	H06200792	Bury
H10200101	Lancashire	H06200793	Liverpool, City of
H10200101	Lancashire	H06200794	Manchester, City of
H10200101	Lancashire	H06200795	Oldham
H10200101	Lancashire	H06200796	Preston
H10200101	Lancashire	H06200797	Rochdale
H10200101	Lancashire	H06200798	St. Helens
H10200101	Lancashire	H06200799	Salford
H10200101	Lancashire	H06200800	Southport
H10200101	Lancashire	H06200801	Warrington
H10200101	Lancashire	H06200802	Wigan
H10200111	Northumberland	H06201154	Newcastle upon Tyne, City and County of
H10200111	Northumberland	H06201155	Tynemouth
H10200130	Yorkshire (East Riding)	H06201634	Kingston upon Hull, City and County of
H10200131	Yorkshire (North Riding)	H06201658	Middlesbrough
H10200132	Yorkshire (West Riding)	H06201697	Barnsley
H10200132	Yorkshire (West Riding)	H06201698	Bradford, City of
H10200132	Yorkshire (West Riding)	H06201699	Dewsbury
H10200132	Yorkshire (West Riding)	H06201700	Halifax
H10200132	Yorkshire (West Riding)	H06201701	Huddersfield
H10200132	Yorkshire (West Riding)	H06201702	Leeds, City of
H10200132	Yorkshire (West Riding)	H06201703	Rotherham
H10200132	Yorkshire (West Riding)	H06201704	Sheffield, City of

H10200132	Yorkshire (West Riding)	H06201705	Wakefield, City of
H10205618	York, City of	H06201859	York, City of
H10200095	Essex	H06200569	East Ham
H10200095	Essex	H06200570	Southend on Sea
H10200095	Essex	H06200571	West Ham
H10200100	Kent	H06200720	Canterbury, City and County of
H10200122	Surrey	H06201449	Croydon
H10200108	Monmouthshire	H06201065	Newport
H10200140	Glamorganshire	H06201954	Cardiff, City of
H10200140	Glamorganshire	H06201955	Merthyr Tydfil
H10200140	Glamorganshire	H06201956	Swansea